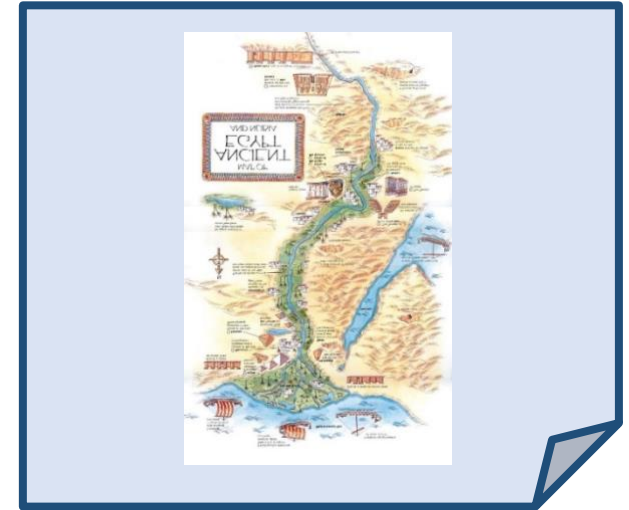


Discover Enquiry – How do we learn about the past?

Sticky Knowledge

- Howard Carter and his team discovered the tomb of Tutankhamun in 1922.
- Stonehenge is one of the world's most famous prehistoric monuments. The stone circle was built in the late Neolithic period, about 2500 years ago.
- Most people in ancient Egyptian times lived along the River Nile (and still do today). The River Nile was good for water, trade and fishing. The soil around the River Nile was rich in nutrients and a good place to grow crops.
- During the Neolithic Age, humans formed settled communities in Britain. They domesticated animals and began farming for the first time in history.
- Ancient Egyptians used symbols called Hieroglyphs. These symbols were written on tombs and statues by scribes. They were also used for counting crops and animals so taxes could be taken. The scribes who wrote the hieroglyphs were mainly men and they had to go to a special school to learn how to write them.
- In the Neolithic period people used pictures as a way of communicating. In some areas of Europe, certain symbols have appeared again and again and scientist think this could be the first form of writing.
- Both the Ancient Egyptians and people from Neolithic (late stone age) times lived around 3500 years ago.



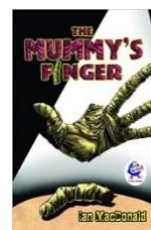
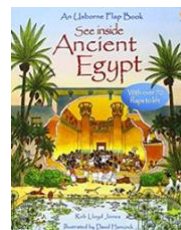
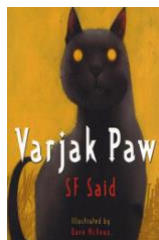
Crucial Connections

<https://www.britishmuseum.org/learn/schools/ages-7-11/ancient-egypt>

<https://www.english-heritage.org.uk/visit/places/stonehenge/>

<http://www.primaryhomeworkhelp.co.uk/Egypt.html>

Reading Recommendations



Values

Courage and Humility

Aspirations:

Museum curator, archaeologist, archivist, academic librarian, teacher, university lecturer, museum curator/exhibitions officer, journalist, broadcaster, historical research analyst

Vital Vocabulary

Amulet	A small object worn or carried by someone in the name of a god as that person believed that they would receive protection.
Archaeologist	People who work out history based on the artefacts they have found.
Artefact	An item made by human beings that has an historical interest.
BC	When you see BC after a date, this means a time before Jesus Christ was born.
Canopic Jar	Small containers that would hold the internal organs of a mummy. They would have the head of a baboon, human, cow or a falcon, which represented Horus' four sons.
Chronology	The order of events.
Hieroglyphics	A system of writing that used pictures and symbols instead of letters and numbers.
Mummification	The process of preserving the skin and flesh of a body by embalming it and drying it out.
Neolithic	The late Stone Age period and follows the Palaeolithic and Mesolithic period.
Pharaoh	The supreme leaders of the land. These could be either Kings or Queens.
Pyramid	A four-sided structure that was built by the Egyptians. Although lots of people believe that they were built by slaves, most were actually farmers who could not farm at that point and were paid, or at least didn't have to pay taxes, to help build these structures.
Sarcophagus	A stone container for a body. These were usually beautifully decorated as they often belonged to important people.
Scarab	A type of beetle found in Egypt that was sacred to the Egyptians. They believed that the life these beetles led represented the cycle of rebirth.
Settlement	A place where there were several Stone Age settlers, like a small village.
Sphinx	A mythical being that had the body of a lion or cat and the head of a human.