

Create Enquiry – Is it better to stand out or fit in?

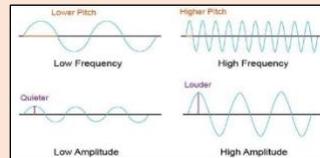
Sticky Knowledge

- There are three **primary** colours. They are red, yellow and blue.
- Mixing two primary colours together makes a **secondary** colour. The secondary colours are orange, green and purple.
- Mixing a primary colour and a secondary colour together creates a **tertiary** colour. These are always in between primary and secondary colours on the colour wheel.
- William Shakespeare wrote plays, poems and acted. He is considered to be the greatest writer of the English language. Some of his famous plays include Romeo and Juliet, Macbeth and Hamlet. He was born around 1564 and died in 1616 (over 400 years ago!).

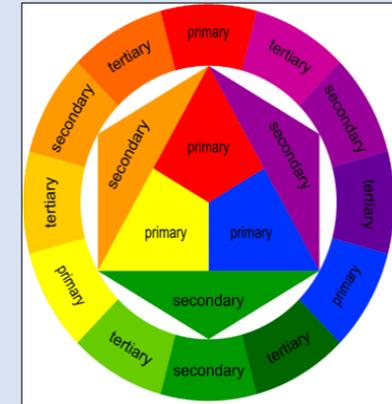
- We need light to be able to see things. Light travels in straight lines. When light hits an object, it is reflected. The reflected light hits our eyes and we can see the object.
- A shadow is caused when light is blocked by an opaque object.
- Sound can travel through solids, liquids and gases.
- Sound travels in waves.
- The size of a vibration is called the amplitude. Louder sounds have larger amplitudes (waves), quieter sounds have smaller amplitudes.
- Altering the speed of the vibration adjusts the pitch of the sound.



Shakespeare's Globe Theatre, London



The Colour Wheel



Crucial Connections

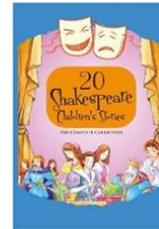
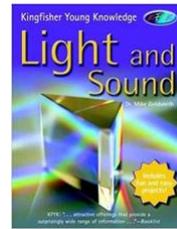
<https://learnenglishkids.britishcouncil.org/category/topics/shakespeare>

<https://www.sciencemuseum.org.uk/home>

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/articles/ztd93j6>

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z3nnb9q>

Reading Recommendations



Values

Commitment and Empathy

Aspirations:

Artist, actor, illustrator, art gallery curator, art therapist, light technician, sculptor, musician, teacher, university lecturer, music producer, music/arts journalist, concert/music promoter

Vital Vocabulary

Primary Colour	A colour that all other colours can be made from.
Secondary Colour	A colour created by mixing two primary colours together.
Tertiary Colour	A colour created by mixing a primary and a secondary colour together.
Theatre	A building or outdoor space where plays are performed.
Puppet	A character (person or animal) that is controlled by wires, sticks or a hand.
Perform	To act or sing in front of an audience.
Design	To draw or plan something for a specific purpose.
Light source	An object that makes its own light.
Dark	The absence of light.
Reflection	The process where light hits the surface of an object and bounces back into our eyes.
Reflective	A word to describe something which reflects light well.
Shadow	An area of darkness where light has been blocked. A shadow appears on the opposite side of the object to the light source.
Opaque	An object that does not let any light through.
Translucent	An object that lets some light through.
Transparent	An object that lets light travel through easily. We can see through transparent objects.
Particles	Solids, liquids and gases are made of particles. They are so small we are unable to see them.
Vibration	A quick movement back and forth.
Sound wave	Vibrations travelling from a sound source.
Volume	The loudness of a sound.
Amplitude	The size of a vibration. Large amplitude = loud sound, smaller amplitude = quieter sound.
Pitch	How high or low a sound is.